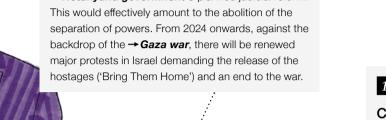
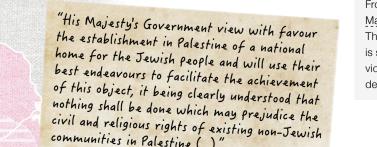


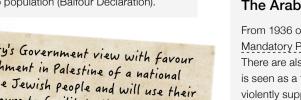


Al-Agsa Mosque, is the most Israel controls access, which is open to everyone









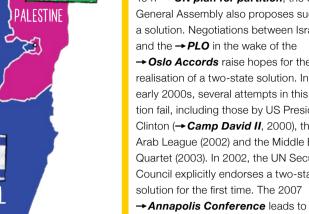
(Hussein-McMahon correspondence).

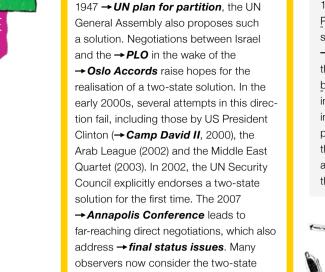
this as a promise of state independence, while the British side deliberately formulates its concessions vaguely

At the same time, and contrary to this, Great Britain and France secretly agree to divide the eastern Mediterrane an region between themselves (Sykes-Picot Agreement). In 1917, the British government publicly declares itself in favour of the establishment of a 'national Jewish homeland' in Palestine, without making any such assurances to the Arab population (Balfour Declaration).

is evacuated from Hebron by the → British Mandate authorities and is not allowed to return to the town.

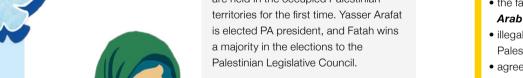
Mandatory Palestine rise up violently against the → British Mandate. There are also attacks on the Jewish population, as political → *Zionism* is seen as a threat to the Palestinian national movement. The British













→ final status issues omitted from the → Oslo Accords. a ('Al-Aqsa Intifada') with around 3,200 deaths on the alestinian side and 1,000 on the Israeli side. → Green Line. In November 2002, the Middle East Quartet, consisting of the

European Union, the United Nations,





→ Fatah and → Hamas, the latter seizes power in the Gaza Strip.



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Note: This timeline does not claim to be comprehensive. It is the result of careful research and represents a selection of important events related to the Middle East Conflict. For educational purposes, the timeline can be complemented with further details and extended as needed

a reconciliation agreement brokered by China in

Israel kills Hezbollah leader Nasrallah, carries out massive air

near our village, panic broke out. We were so afraid that we fled without any belongings, money or clothes. I thought we were only leaving our

Tel Aviv, David Ben-Gurion proclaims the independence of the new state of Israel. The world powers USA and Soviet Union recognise the new

independence it defended, while the Arab or bic for 'catastrophe') due to defeat, flight

bered positively on the Israeli side due to the

'opening, victory, conquest') is founded in Kuwait by Palestinian exiles, including Yasser Arafat. Initially, its goal is the complete

ilitary 'liberation of Palestine', and consequently the destruction ael, also through terrorist attacks. Under Yasser Arafat's Organization (PLO)

ed under the leadership of the Arab League. After as well as airspace, the Gaza Strip is still considered Egypt's defeat in the → Six-Day War, the

nip, there is a gradual shift towards diplomacy support for a → two-state solution

day, the Golan Heights, East Jerusalem, the West Bank and the Gaza Strip remain under Israeli occupation according to international law. With few exceptions, he Israeli annexation of the Golan Heights and Eas and continued Israeli control over land and sea b

In July 2024, the International Court of Justice (ICJ declares that not only the construction of settlement

West Bank and East Jerusalem, the → Six-Day War



→ 7th October terrorist attack on Israel in

Islamic state. It rejects the → Oslo Accords in 2007 it seizes power in the Gaza Strip in



security matters in Area A, which comprises the urban centres of the West Bank. In the more 60 percent of the West Bank. The Israeli

settlements are situated in Area C, but according to the United Nations, up to 300,000 Palestinians Palestinian control was to be gradually extender he Jordanian occupation, and their children over a five-year transition period. During this during the Israeli occupation. There is always phase, the → *final status issues* were also due to be resolved. In 1996, parliamentary and someone who wants this land, but never anyone who wants us. Isn't that a tragedy?" presidential elections are held in the occupied Amelie Dschaqaman, Palestinian²

Haram al-Sharif/Temple Mount in → Jerusalem. This is seen as a provocation and leads to the outbreak of the Second →two-state solution based on the

the Arab Peace Initiative in March 2002, offering Israel the prospect of normalised relations with all Arab states. In return,

> the United States and Russia, presents ne 'Roadmap for Peace', a step-by-step solution. In October 2003, the Geneva Initiative – founded by high-ranking former Palestinian and Israeli politicians – presents a detailed draft peace plan,

intervention in Lebanon. Israel carries out

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which Hamas uses as an opportunity to fire

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strikes and invades Lebanon in a ground offensive. At the end of November 2024, Israel and Hezbollah agree to a ceasefire initially

Confrontation between Hezbollah and Israel

ockets. In September 2024, tensions escalate in Lebar